Nutrition Positive Manual



Nutrition Positive exists to create and support healthy food environments and healthy food policy in Saskatoon and area school communities

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Nutrition Positive is about helping kids... it's helping kids eat better, feel better

Nutrition Positive is about choosing a nutrition issue relevant to your school or class and challenging staff, students, and the school community to do something about it!

It's easy... just use Canada's Food Guide as your guide. It can be as simple as incorporating nutrition ideas with nutritious foods into your classroom activities, lesson plans (i.e. math, language, arts, etc.). Organize a Nutrition Positive assembly for your school or serve healthy food for your "hot lunch" fund-raiser. Write and implement a healthy food policy in your school.

The School Action Committee is here to help. The *In motion*-Nutrition Positive School Action committee is a partnership that inspires, equips and mobilizes leaders within school communities to improve the healthy learning environment for students.

Membership consists of the four school divisions within the former Saskatoon Health Region, health authority staff, and community organizations.

For more information or questions contact:

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Health Promotion Department
Population and Public Health
Saskatchewan Health Authority | 306-655-4687
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Purpose and Goals

Nutrition Positive exists to create and support a healthy food environment and health food policy in Saskatoon and area school communities

Nutrition Positive Goals

- I. To create a healthy food environment Nutrition Positive works to affect change in:
 - Awareness
 - Education
 - Behavior
 - Policy
 - Long term health and learning benefits

Awareness:

- to increase community awareness and Program participation of all Saskatoon and area schools
- to increase awareness of nutrition issues which impact health and learning

Education:

- to support nutrition teaching within the Ministry of Education, Health Education curriculum
- to teach the importance of role modeling healthy eating both in and out of school

Behaviour:

- to improve healthy eating habits in children and adults
- to increase the use of healthy food in school environments
- to increase the frequency of healthy food choices

Policy:

- to support "Nourishing Minds Towards Comprehensive School Community Health: Nutrition Policy Development in Saskatchewan Schools"
- to assist the divisions and schools implement a Healthy School Food Policy

Long Term Health and Learning Benefits:

- to increase overall health and the capacity for learning
- to decrease childhood obesity and chronic diseases related to nutrition

II. To support healthy food environments Nutrition Positive works to establish partnerships and provide resources.

Partnerships:

- maintain positive working relationships with partners

Resources:

- to maintain agreements with sponsors
- to generate funds for some Program operations
- to provide some nutrition resources to schools



Nutrition Positive - What's In It For You?

Through Nutrition Positive, your school can ...

- Enhance nutrition and health in your classroom and school! See your students eat better, feel better and do better!
- Receive FREE nutrition education materials!
- Borrow the Captain Carrot costume!
- Celebrate your successes in your schools!
- Invite "Prairie Dog" Doug Campbell to sing the Nutrition Positive song (he will charge to perform)!
- Access the popcorn and smoothie machines through your Division!
- Organize a fresh food buffet (salad bar) for the entire school as an alternative to one of your Saskatoon school's hot lunches! Contact CHEP Good Food Inc.
- Buy produce in bulk through CHEP Good Food Inc. in Saskatoon!
- Promote positive relationships within your community!
- Borrow Nutrition Positive games from your Division resource centre!

Who's Eligible?

Nutrition Positive is open to all schools from Kindergarten to Grade12 in Saskatoon and area, including those that have participated in previous years.



Nutrition Positive Steps for Success



1. Committee

Form a Nutrition Positive Committee that consists of administrator, teachers, students, parents, Public Health Nurse, food coordinator (if applicable) and community members. **Most successful Nutrition Positive programs have strong administration support!**

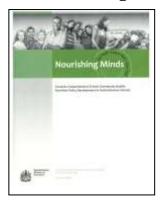
2. Assessment

Assess your school using the checklist: "Nutrition Positive Assessment." The items on the checklist need to be consistently practiced or use "Nutrition Issues in Schools." For a whole school assessment see the <u>Joint Consortium</u> Healthy School Planner and Physical Activity Tool Kit.

3. Goals

The Nutrition Positive Committee members in the school should identify nutrition goals that are important to their school. Follow these criteria when planning your Nutrition Positive program.

- Plan **Curriculum Enhancement** activities based on <u>Saskatchewan</u> Ministry of Education Health Curriculum
- Create a **Healthy Food Environment**Use <u>Healthy Foods for my School</u> to guide your food selection.
- Create a Healthy School Food Policy using the **Nourishing Minds**.
- Implement the **Healthy Food Policies** developed by your division using the guidelines in "Nourishing Minds".



4. Plan

Involve staff, students, and parents to plan initiatives around your Nutrition Positive goals based on your assessment. Carry them out during the school year and continue the changes in future years. Use the "Nutrition Positive Activity Planning" form (page 11) or Nutrition Issues in Schools (page 9).

5. Implement Nutrition Positive

Implement Nutrition Positive activities until the end of the school year (e.g. replacing soft drink vending machines with milk or 100% unsweetened juice vending machines, having only healthy foods available at "hot lunches").

- a) *Canada's Food Guide* serves as the basis for the nutrition information in your initiatives.
- b) Initiative should involve the whole school and possibly other interested groups such as parents, community groups, local businesses etc.
- c) Initiatives should bring about a healthy change within the school and in some way reach out to the community. Remember the goal is to change to a healthy food environment using *Healthy foods for my School and Healthy Eating Guidelines* from *Nourishing Minds*.
- d) Implementation of a Healthy School Food Policy for your Division based on *Nourishing Minds* is the ultimate goal!







7. Summary Form

The **Nutrition Positive Summary Form** is submitted in May each year. Enclose any materials that may help explain your efforts such as songs, poems, photos, videos, and comments from parents, staff, students, your successes will be shared with other schools.

8. Celebrate

Plan a **Nutrition Positive Celebration** in May or June in your school. See activities of a "Nutrition Positive Celebration Ideas" (pages 44 and 45).

9. Plan for the Future

Use "Nutrition Issues in Schools" to assess and plan for next year (page 9).



Nutrition Issues in Schools

These are nutrition issues common to all schools. The following worksheet is a useful tool for assessing what your school is presently doing and where you would like to be in the future.

Use this form to involve staff, students and parents with the Nutrition Positive Program. Have them work through the topics to set goals and activities for your school.

Assess Your Healthy Food Environment and consider ... the now, and the future...

Class Rewards	Hot Lunches	Fundraising	Classroom Events	School Activities	Vending Machines	Cafeteria/ Canteen	Food Programs (if applicable) or other
Future	Future	Future	Future	Future	Future	Future	Future

Nutrition Positive Categories

To be a Nutrition Positive school, include activities from all three categories by your third year. Try to include community members.

Pick activities that meet the needs of your school. Make a difference! Use some of these examples, if you wish.

1. Curriculum	2. Healthy Food	3. Healthy Food Policy
Enhancement	Environment	0. 1100110119 1 0001 1 01109
encourage all teachers to attend Nutrition curriculum workshops	Make a Nutrition Display with Proud to be a Nutrition Positive School banner	write and implement healthy food policy according to Nourishing Minds classroom
incorporate Nutrition Positive into in motion activities	 Use Healthy foods for my School to select healthy foods 	incentives and rewards – "hot" lunches
 hold a Nutrition Positive assembly 	 use healthy food or non- food items for classroom incentive/rewards 	fundraisingclassroom eventsschool activities
compare food intake to Eating Well with Canada's Food Guide	• serve healthy "hot lunches"	vending machinescafeteria/canteenfood programs
conduct a survey of breakfast and lunch choices of students	 ensure that vending machines have only milk and 100% juice 	- all foods served or sold in the school
 produce a play, make a video, design posters, murals, display boards using your Nutrition Positive Banner 	 use fund-raisers and extra-curricular activities to reinforce healthy eating serve only healthy foods at school and classroom 	Use Nutrition Positive Planning and Nutrition Positive Assessment forms and Nutrition Issues in Schools to assist you. Or use the guidelines,
• integrate nutrition education with other subjects such as physical education, math, literature, art, etc.	 events and parties. advertise and promote tasty, nutritious foods in the cafeteria/canteen/food program 	rubric and checklist in Nourishing Minds.
cook healthy food	 school staff act as role models for students by eating healthy food 	
 put nutrition information for parents in newsletters 	 promote and utilize locally grown foods in activities 	

Nutrition Positive School Planning

PLANNING FORM

To plan for Nutrition Positive, please fill in the Nutrition Positive Assessment form. Set your goals and plan your activities as completely and accurately as you can. Feel free to add extra pages if you need more space.

School: Nutrition Positive Representative:				
The Nutrition Positive program emphasizes communication through a team concept Your Nutrition Positive Team should consist of the following members:				
Names of Nutrition Positive Committee				
Principal:				
Staff Rep:				
Parent Rep:				
Public Health Nurse:				
Community Coordinator (if applicable):				
School Food Coordinator (if applicable):				
Community Rep:				
Other:				

Nutrition Positive Assessment

School:
 (check all that apply) Nutrition Positive Program and Participation: ☐ Our school has planned Nutrition Positive activities that include: • Curriculum Enhancement • Healthy Food Environment • Healthy Food Policy ☐ Nutrition Positive Program is directed by parents and school staff
 Nutrition Education: All educators and food services staff attend Health Region nutrition workshop every 5 years. Monthly nutrition promotion at school staff meetings (highlight Nutrition Positive manual and information and resources) Monthly visible "new" nutrition tips (newsletters, banners, announcements, etc.)
Staff as Role Models: Role model healthy eating, accept all body sizes and support local food production
Food Security: Local foods researched and purchased when possible School encouraged to be a Good Food Box depot
Food Offered at School Events: All foods are healthy foods at all classroom and school event
Food Used for Fundraising: Foods sold for school and school community council fundraising items and events are healthy
Foods Sold to Students: All healthy foods No unhealthy food except sports drinks when appropriate Include locally-grown foods
Food Treats or Rewards: 100% of food rewards are healthy foods Use non-food items as rewards
*Healthy Foods: Foods that meet the standards of "Healthy foods for my School" *Unhealthy Foods: Foods that do not meet the standards of "Healthy foods for

my School"

Activity Planning Form

1.	What are some nutrition issues in your school?
2.	List actions in the three Nutrition Positive Categories that highlight what your school is doing well.
	Curriculum Enhancement
	2. Healthy Food Environment
	3. Healthy Food Policy
3.	Reflecting on your Assessment, what are the nutrition goals for Nutrition Positive in your school?
4.	Choose nutrition activities in each of the three Nutrition Positive Categories that your school will implement (e.g. integrate nutrition education with other subjects such as physical activity, math, science, and language arts; serve healthy food at all school events; write and implement a healthy food policy).
	Curriculum Enhancement
	2. Healthy Food Environment
	3. Healthy Food Policy

Nutrition Positive Role Model Assessment Lead by Example

Reflect on your own eating habits:

1.	Do you enjoy re well as nutritio	•	ch day	y – breakfast, lunch and dinner, as
	Yes		No	
2.	Do you enjoy a Guide every da	=	s from	each food group from Canada's Food
	Yes		No	
3.	Do you limit for salt (sodium)?	ods and bevera	ges tha	at are high in calories, fat, sugar or
	Yes		No	
4.	Do you suppor	t local food prod	duction	n?
	Yes		No	
5.	Do you strive to	o balance healtl	hy eat	ing and physical activity?
	Yes		No	
6.	Do you eat and	drink only hea	lthy fo	oods with your students?
	Yes		No	
Refle	ct on your phy	sical activity:		
7.	Do you regular	ly engage in ph	ysical	activity you enjoy?
	Yes		No	

8.	Do you focus o	n participation	rathe	r than performance?
	Yes		No	
9.	Do you encour	age students to	try a	wide range of physical activities?
	Yes		No	
10.	Do you particip	oate in physical	activi	ties with your students?
	Yes		No	
Refle	ect on your own	ı self-esteem:		
11.	Do you focus o	n your many po	ositive	attributes and those of others?
	Yes		No	
12.	Do you believe	that healthy bo	odies o	come in a variety of shapes and sizes?
	Yes		No	
13.	Do you challen	ge unrealistical	lly thi	n or muscular bodies in the media?
	Yes		No	
14.	Do you have a and bullying?	"no tolerance" j	policy	for put-downs, teasing, harassment
	Yes		No	

Assessment

Strive to have as many "yes" answers as possible. If you answered "no" to any question, challenge yourself to make the appropriate change.

Nutrition Positive Summary Form

Contact Name: Please describe and check your activities and indicate the number of people affected in the Nutrition Positive categories of Curriculum Enhancement, Healthy Food Environment, and Healthy Food Policy. 1. Curriculum Enhancement Activity Activity Describe your Curriculum Enhancement success stories that we will share with others in next year's manual: Teacher attended Nutrition Workshops provided by Population and Public Health - Saskatoon Health Region Held a Nutrition Positive Assembly Used Canada's Food Guide to compare food intake Conducted a breakfast survey Conducted a lunch survey Produced a play about Healthy Eating Made a video about Healthy Eating Designed a mural Developed a display/bulletin board Integrated nutrition education with other subjects • Mathematics • Literature/language arts • Geography/history • Science	School:	
affected in the Nutrition Positive categories of Curriculum Enhancement, Healthy Food Environment, and Healthy Food Policy. 1. Curriculum Enhancement Activity Describe your Curriculum Enhancement success stories that we will share with others in next year's manual: Teacher attended Nutrition Workshops provided by Population and Public Health - Saskatoon Health Region Held a Nutrition Positive Assembly Sour Conducted a breakfast survey Conducted a breakfast survey Produced a play about Healthy Eating Made a video about Healthy Eating Designed a mural Developed a display/bulletin board Integrated nutrition education with other subjects Mathematics Mathematics Literature/language arts Geography/history	Contact Name:	
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Population and Public Health – Saskatoon Health Region Held a Nutrition Positive Assembly Used Canada's Food Guide to compare food intake Conducted a breakfast survey Conducted a lunch survey Produced a play about Healthy Eating Made a video about Healthy Eating Designed a poster Designed a mural Developed a display/bulletin board Integrated nutrition education with other subjects Mathematics Literature/language arts Geography/history	Describe your Curriculum Enhancement su	People Affected access stories
	Population and Public Health – Saskatoon F Held a Nutrition Positive Assembly Used Canada's Food Guide to compare food Conducted a breakfast survey Conducted a lunch survey Produced a play about Healthy Eating Made a video about Healthy Eating Designed a poster Designed a mural Developed a display/bulletin board Integrated nutrition education with other su Mathematics Literature/language arts	lealth Region

• Other.....

	Cooked healthy food	
2. H	ealthy Food Environment Activity	Number of People Affected
Ш	Describe your Healthy Environment success stories:	
	Used healthy food or non-food items for classrooms	
	incentives/rewards	
	Served healthy "hot lunches"	
	Sold healthy food for fundraising	
	Served/sold healthy choices at school and extra curricular activities	
	Ensured vending machines dispense only milk and 100%	
	unsweetened juice	
H	Served healthy food in food program (e.g. CHEP)	
H	School staff acted as role models for students by eating	
	healthy food	
\mathbb{H}	Healthy food served at meetings/conferences	
H	Used locally grown foods in your school	
	Other	

3. Healthy Food Policy

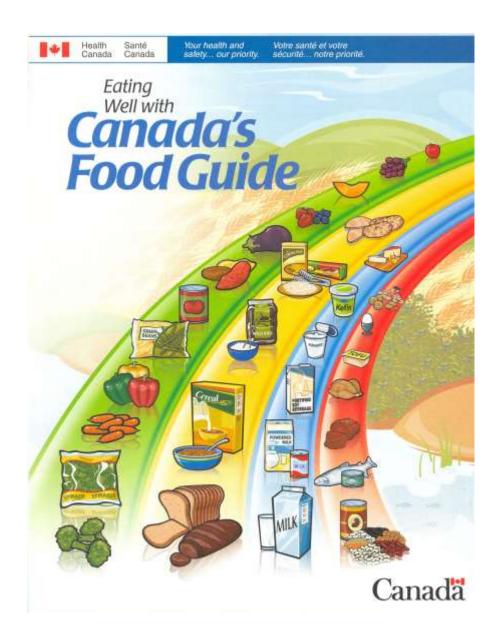
Attach your written Healthy School Food Policy based on "Guidelines for Planning Nutrition Positive Food Policy"

	About	Written (Please enclose)	Implemented (Please describe on another
	Nutrition Positive Program and Participation Nutrition Education Staff as Role Models Food Security Food Offered at School Events Food Used for Fundraising Foods Sold to Students Food Treats or Rewards		page)
4.	Add any descriptions or comments:		
5.	Include your Nutrition Positive songs, raps,	pictures, etc.	
6.	Please email to Cassandra Touet in MAY/JU cassandra.touet@saskatoonhealthregion.ca	NE	

Nutrition
Positive
Nutrition
Recommendations

Eating Well with Canada's Food Guide

www.healthcanada.gc.ca/foodguide



Healthy Foods for My School

"Healthy Foods for My School" is the standard used to evaluate foods that have "nutrition facts" on the label. Foods that meet the standards are considered healthy (choose most, choose sometimes). Each food group has a different standard.

The standard can be accessed at the Government of Saskatchewan website: http://www.saskatchewan.ca/government/education-and-child-care-facility-administration/services-for-school-administrators/student-wellness-and-wellbeing

For a copy contact Saskatoon Health Region – Population and Public Health Phone: 655-4630 or lynn.kowblick@saskatoonhealthregion.ca



Healthy Eating Guidelines

1. Healthy Eating Guidelines Poster and other supporting documents are online on the Saskatchewan Ministry of Education website.

https://www.saskatchewan.ca/government/education-and-child-care-facility-administration/services-for-school-administrators/student-wellness-and-wellbeing#comprehensive-school-community-health Click Nutrition

Uses:

- Classroom teaching and events
- Tasting and cooking
- Nutrition Programs (breakfast, lunch or snacks)
- Cafeterias/canteen/concessions/serveries
- Vending machines
- Special celebrations/dances/theme days/year-end events/parties
- Sporting events
- Health fairs
- Fund-raising
- Meetings

Healthy Eating Guidelines Nourishing Minds www.education.gov.sk.ca/nourishing-minds Students, staff, parents and Choose Sometimes community. Working together to offer healthy foods and beverages. All the time - each and every day. Anywhere foods or beverages are sold or offered. To support learning, growth and health. For more information: www.healthcanada.gc.ca/foodguide www.health.gov.sk.ca/healthy-foods-for-my-school

Saskatoon Nutrition Positive Manual Updated October 2016

Regina Qu'Appelle

CEAC 3186 9220-10 Medical Media Services

Healthy Foods at School

WHO

Students, staff, parents and the community work together to select and offer healthy choices at school.

WHAT

Wholesome foods from the four food groups in Canada's Food Guide.

WHEN

Any time food is served or sold at school.

WHERE

Lunchrooms, cafeterias, canteens, school events, classroom parties, fund raisers, staff and community meetings.

WHY

For children's health, growth and learning. To support classroom learning.

Canteen

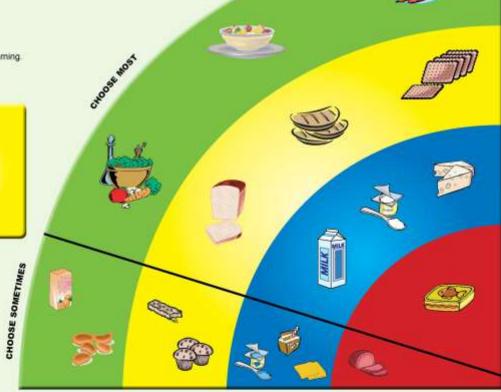
- · Yogurt
- Vegetable Salads
- Healthy Puddings
- · Milk
- · Fruit
- Unsweetened canned fruit

Vending Machines

- Water
- · Milk
- 100% Fruit Juice

Dances, Classroom Parties, Sporting Events

- Lower sugar granola bars
- Fruit Kabobs
- · Yogurt Parfaits
- Smoothies
- Healthy Baking



Fundraising Lunches

- Whole grain submarine with meat and vegetables
- Vegetable and Bean Burritos

VEGETABLES &

regeroode or find most et 17 (egrephent fox 27 st

Reflect foods that have Fall 5-5g Setwated Fall 5-2g Thans Fall 0g Section 5-450ng Sugar is not the first ognotions."

GRAIN PRODUCTS

organizations.

Select foods that have: Fat. 5 (0g Saturated Fet. = 2g Tons Fat. 0g Sedum = 400kg Sugars 5 (2g

MILK & ALTERNATIVES

rale affernatives, water may be the 1" improduct followed by a new affernative such as soy

Select hoods that have: Fat: 5 10g Trams Fet: 0.5g Sugar: 6 25g

MEAT & ALTERNATIVES

treat or meat plemative most b t* ingradient

Select foods that have: Fat is 15g Saturated Fat is 5g Trans Fat is 0.5g Sedum is 490mg Pictori is 5g

9220-10 Medical Media Services - HS



r

"Choose Sometimes"

If a food from this category is served, **balance** it with a food from **"Choose Most Often"** category.

Vegetables and Fruit

- Fresh, frozen or canned vegetables with added salt, sugar, fat or sauces
- Fruit canned in water, juice or light syrup
- Low sodium canned vegetable soup
- 100% fruit/vegetable juices-unsweetened
- Dried fruit, 100% fruit leathers, 100% fruit or vegetable bars

Vegetable or fruit must be 1st ingredient

Select foods that have:

Fat: ≤5g

Saturated fat: ≤2g Trans fat: 0g

Sugar is not the first ingredient

Grain Products

- Enriched (white) bread, buns, tortillas, pita bread, bannock
- Enriched pasta
- White rice
- Pancakes and waffles
- Muffins and loaves
- Granola bars (not coated)
- Plain popcorn
- Rice cakes
- Crackers

Grain must be 1st ingredient

Select foods that have:

Fat: ≤7g

Saturated fat: ≤2g Trans fat: ≤0g Sodium: ≤400 mg Sugars: ≤12g

"Choose Sometimes"

If a food from this category is served, **balance** it with a food from **"Choose Most Often"** category.

Milk and Alternatives

- Whole milk
- Flavoured and chocolate milk
- Fortified, flavoured soy beverages
- Flavoured yogurt
- Pudding made with milk
- Hot chocolate made with milk
- Cheese and string cheese

Milk must be 1st ingredient.

In milk alternatives, water may be the 1st ingredient followed by a milk alternative such as soy.

Select foods that have:

Fat: ≤10g

Trans: ≤0.5g

Sodium: <u><</u>350mg Sugar: ≤25g

Calcium: ≥10% DV

Meat and Alternatives

- Fished canned in oil
- Breaded fish, meat and chicken
- · Canned beans and beans with sauce
- Lean deli meat such as ham and turkey
- Salted and sweetened seeds, nuts and nut butters

Meat or meat alternative must be 1st ingredient.

Select foods that have:

Fat: ≤15g

Saturated fat: ≤5g Trans fat: ≤0.5g Sodium: ≤450mg

Protein: ≥5g

"MIXED DISHES"

A mixed dish product must contain at least **two food groups**.

Preference should be given to food items with a **vegetable listed in the first three ingredients.**

Choose Most Often

The food has to meet the criteria for fat, sodium, sugar, fibre AND at least one of the following Vitamin A, C, calcium or iron.

Select Foods that have:

Fat: <u><</u>10g

Saturated: < 2g
Trans: <.5g

Sodium: <700mg

Sugar: Not the first or second ingredient

Fibre: > 2g

Vitamin A, C, calcium or iron: At least one nutrient \geq 10% DV

Choose Sometimes

The food has to meet the criteria for fat, sodium, sugar, and either fibre or one of the following Vitamin A,C, calcium or iron.

Select Foods that have:

Fat: <u><</u> 15g

Saturated: < 6g

Trans: <u><</u> .5g

Sodium: <u><</u>700mg

Sugar: Not the first or second ingredient

Fibre: ≥2g

Vitamin A, C, calcium or iron: At least one nutrient is ≥10% DV

Satisfy your thirst with water!

Breakfast:	Lunch and Supper:	Snack:
1 serving from each of at least 3 food groups in	1 serving from each of the 4 food groups in <i>Canada</i> 's	1serving from each of 2 or more food groups in <i>Canada's</i>
Canada's Food Guide	Food Guide	Food Guide

^{**}Sugars can be from many forms: honey, molasses, corn syrup and words ending in "ose."

"Not Recommended"

These foods are low in nutrients and fibre and also high in calories, fat, sugar and/or salt. **These foods are not appropriate in schools.**

- cakes and pastries
- chocolate and candies
- doughnuts and muffins
- high fat, high salt processed meats
- cookies and granola bars
- · ice cream and frozen desserts
- French fries
- deep-fried foods
- potato chips, nachos and other salty snacks
- soft drinks
- fruit flavoured drinks
- sweetened hot or cold drinks
- energy drinks
- alcoholic beverages

Some of these foods may appear in the "choose sometimes" list. The foods "not recommended" are foods that do **not** meet the standards for "Healthy foods for my school".

Guidelines for Planning Nutrition Positive Food Policy



Guidelines for Planning Nutrition Positive Food Policy

Leadership for healthy food policies in Saskatchewan has been provided by both the Ministry of Education and school boards. Nourishing Minds from the Ministry of Education, provides schools and school divisions with rationale and tools to create a healthy food environment in schools through policy. Please see the Food Policy reference section for school division polices (Page 64-75).

A healthy school environment outlined in a policy supports nutrition curriculum learning and provides opportunity to practice healthy behaviors. The full implementation of comprehensive school community nutrition policies and programs can improve the health and learning potential of children. Schools exert influence over children's eating habits and are the perfect setting to promote healthy eating.

The following guides can provide direction for your school to reflect where you are and areas where you could move forward. To create a strong healthy food culture in your school bring together teachers, parents, students, and community members to create your Nutrition Positive School policy.



Guidelines for Planning Nutrition Positive Food Policy

Nutrition Positive exists to create and support a healthy food environment and healthy food policy in Saskatoon and area school communities.

These guidelines have been created by the Nutrition Positive advisory committee, with input from school educators and parents. Use it entirely or as a template for your school or division to create your own healthy food environment and health food policy!

Topic	Low	Moderate	High
Nutrition Positive Program	All schools actively participate in the Nutrition Positive Program	All schools actively participate in the Nutrition Positive Program	All schools actively participate in the Nutrition Positive Program
and participation	NP Program directed by parents or school staff	NP Program directed by parents or school staff	NP Program directed by parents or school staff
Nutrition Education	 All health education educators and food services staff attend Health Region nutrition workshop once Occasional nutrition promotion at school staff meetings (highlight Nutrition Positive manual information and resources) Occasional visible "new" nutrition tips (newsletters, hallways, banners, etc.) 	 All health education educators and food services staff attend Health Region nutrition workshop every 5 years Regular nutrition promotion at school staff meetings (highlight Nutrition Positive manual information and resources) Regular visible "new" nutrition tips (newsletters, hallways, banners, etc.) 	 All educators and food services staff attend Health Region nutrition workshop every 5 years Monthly nutrition promotion at school staff meetings (highlight Nutrition Positive manual information and resources) Monthly visible "new" nutrition tips (newsletters, hallways, banners, etc.)
Staff as Role Models	Role model healthy eating	Role model healthy eating and accept all body sizes	Role model healthy eating, accept all body sizes and support local food production

Guidelines for Planning Nutrition Positive Food Policy

Food Security	Research and discuss "Where in the world our food comes from" with students in all grades	All school staff and council take part in food security discussion (e.g. Thought About Food, www.foodthoughtful.ca)	 Local foods researched and purchased when possible Provide healthy food to food insecure students
Food Offered at School Events	 At all school events (including school-affiliated events), offer variety of healthy foods Best placement of healthy foods 	All healthy foods are healthy at selected days/events	All foods are healthy foods at all school and school-affiliated events
Food Used for Fundraising	All foods sold for school and parent council fundraising items and events are healthy	All foods sold for school and parents council fundraising items and events are healthy	All foods sold for school and parents council fundraising items and events area healthy
Foods Sold to Students	 Most foods are healthy Best placement of healthy food Education to students about healthy/unhealthy foods 	 All foods sold are healthy for 3 or more days/week No unhealthy food on these days except sport drinks when appropriate 	 All foods sold are healthy, everyday No unhealthy food except sport drinks when appropriate Include locally-grown foods
Food Treats or Rewards	 No withholding of food as punishment Reward students and class with physical activity and healthy food activities 	 All food rewards are healthy foods No rewards from unhealthy foods 	 All food rewards are healthy No rewards from unhealthy foods Use non-food items as rewards

^{*}Healthy Foods: Foods meet the standards for "Healthy Foods for My School"

Low – Minimum requirement **Moderate** – Includes low. Midpoint to goal **High** – Includes low and moderate. Nutrition Positive ultimate goal

September 2009

^{*}Unhealthy Foods: Foods do not meet the standards for "Healthy Foods for My School"

Nourishing Minds

Appendix C

Nutrition Rubric

Element	Awareness	In Development	Developed	Implemented
Policy	The school division has no nutrition policy, or the policy that exists is not implemented, or the policy allows for food of low nutritional value at school.	The school division has a nutrition policy developed by school and division staff and not based on the provincial guidelines.	The school division has a nutrition policy developed by school, division and School Community Council members based on the provincial guidelines outlined in the document Nourishing Minds: Towards Comprehensive School Community Health, Nutrition Policy Development in Saskatchewan Schools but it was not fully implemented or evaluated.	The school division has a policy that follows provincial guidelines outlined in the document Nourishing Minds: Towards Comprehensive School Community Health, Nutrition Policy Development in Saskatchewan Schools which is implemented and evaluated in all schools across the division. School staffs, students, School Community Councils, caregivers and the community are involved in developing and implementing the policy.
	Provincial health education curricula are not being implemented.	Provincial health education curricula are referred to in unit planning.	Healthy eating as part of the provincial health education curricula is emphasized and supported by the school nutrition policy.	Provincial health education curricula are implemented as intended. Understandings, skills, and confidences are reinforced where appropriate in the school nutrition policy.
	Teachers of health education have limited to no training or resources/supports for an effective health education program.	Healthy eating resources and supports are available to teachers of health education.	Evaluated and recommended healthy eating resources that are a strong fit to provincial health education curriculum are used.	A variety of recommended, culturally sensitive, evaluated and developmentally appropriate instructional strategies and healthy eating resources are used.
				Teachers of health education have access to and support for continued professional development opportunities regarding healthy eating.
	It appears that little to no learning opportunities exist for students and their families to learn about healthy food choices.	Students learn about healthy food options but there is still a gap between school and home; caregivers/families are not engaged.	Opportunities exist for caregivers to learn about healthy eating.	Students, families and communities are involved and engaged in healthy nutrition. Caregivers are receiving information and are actively involved with nutrition at school.

Element	Awareness	In Development	Developed	Implemented
	New York Control of the Control of t	**************************************		A clear and consistent planned use of other informal healthy eating learning opportunities is included.
High-Quality Teaching and Learning	Students are not aware of school nutrition policy.	Students have limited awareness of school nutrition policy.	Students are aware of the school nutrition policy and are involved in selecting nutritious foods for their schools.	Students are involved in all steps of policy development, implementation, and evaluation.
	School staff regularly model poor choices (e.g., unhealthy food choices, skipping meals).	School staffs are making efforts to model healthier food choices.	School staff frequently model healthy food choices.	School staff promote the school nutrition policy and plan for and model healthy food choices and behaviours.
Healthy Physical Environment	Students are not washing their hands before or after eating.	Some hand-washing is done but is inconsistent.	Students are encouraged and reminded to wash their hands before and after eating and monitored during mealtimes.	Students and staff wash their hands before and after eating following proper hand-washing technique as recommended by Public Health.
	Students rush to find seats in a classroom or lunchroom and may be eating where there is no chair or desk/table top available (the room is crowded).	Students have access to seating and desk/table tops but the eating area is crowded.	Students have access to ample seating.	Every student has access to a chair and desk/table top and enough room to access his or her meal comfortably.
	Noon hour television programming at school is not monitored for appropriateness.	Noon hour television programs are somewhat monitored for content.	Noon hour television watching is monitored and other activity options are offered.	Social activities are encouraged and offered during mealtimes. (Visiting, tabletop games when finished, music, physical activity, etc.)
	Students do not have enough time to eat.	Students can continue to eat regardless of whether they are dismissed from the meal.	Enough time is set aside for students to eat lunch; dismissal from the class/lunchroom varies and meets the needs of students.	At least 20 minutes is provided for students to eat lunch. Flexible mealtimes and snack times meet the needs of all students.
	Supervision of students is limited during mealtimes, and/ or supervisors do not have any training regarding establishing and maintaining a caring and respectful environment.	Each class/lunchroom has a supervisor, but the supervisor has not been provided with training regarding establishing and maintaining a caring and respectful environment.	☐ Each class/lunchroom has a supervisor and they have had some training and support regarding establishing and maintaining a caring and respectful environment.	Lunchroom supervisors are provided with on-going support and training regarding effective practices in establishing and maintaining carin and respectful environments.

Element	Awareness	In Development	Developed	Implemented
	Healthy food choices are not available or very limited at school (e.g., vending machines, canteens, cafeterias).	Healthy food choices at school constitute less than 50% nutritious options (e.g., vending machines, canteens, cafeterias).	At school, only 75% of healthy food choices are offered as recommended in Canada's Food Guide (e.g., vending machines, canteens, and cafeterias).	At school, only healthy food choices are offered as recommended in Canada's Food Guide or the school has a policy that indicates vending machines are not to be made available in the school. (One exception would be milk availability).
Healthy Physical Environment	Food available during school activities/events (dances, 8BQ's, etc.) is not nutritious and considered "junk" food.	During school events, healthy nutritious foods are offered at least 50% of the time.	During school events 75% of snacks and meals are healthy and nutritious as recommended in Canada's Food Guide.	During school events, 100% of snacks and meals are healthy and nutritious as recommended in Canada's Food Guide.
	School fundraising events always include unhealthy food choices such as candy and chocolate bars.	School fundraising events often include unhealthy food choices such as candy and chocolate bars.	School fundraising events rarely include unhealthy food choices such as candy and chocolate bars.	School fundraising events never include unhealthy food choices such as candy or chocolate bars; fundraising items for sale are either a healthy food option such as oranges or are not a food item at all.
Supportive Social Environment	Some students are isolated and eat meals alone.	Students are encouraged to sit with their peers and to include others as part of a social group. Few students are isolated.	Efforts are made by supervisors and students to include everyone in the social activities at meal times. Few to no students are isolated.	Inclusive caring and respectful practices are common; no students are isolated.
				During school events, teachers, administrators, caregivers and communities support and model healthy food choices as recommended in Canada's Food Guide.
	The school does not have a shared vision of what it means to	Staff model body satisfaction and take care to avoid transferring	Teachers participate in training regarding body image.	The school coordinates all body image programs and speakers with the
	be a school that values healthy body images. (Negative behaviours in relation to another's appearance may occur).	personal prejudices about body shape. Positive language about food and avoidance of such terms as "junk" and "bad" foods are encouraged.	The school promotes the experience of activity and movement for enjoyment.	provincial curriculum.

Element	Awareness	In Development	Developed	Implemented
	Students do not have any or enough breakfast, lunch or snack.	☐ Students are not eating foods that are considered nutritious as recommended in Canada's Food Guide.	Students are eating healthy nutritious meals and snacks as recommended in Canada's Food Guide.	Students are eating healthy nutritious meals and snacks as recommended in Canada's Food Guid and are involved in the selection and preparation of food.
Community Engagement and Partnerships	Limited amounts of food are available in the school.	There is access to food for students who require it, but much of the food is not nutritious.	There is access to healthy nutritious foods at school.	Healthy nutritious foods are available at school and students are involved in the selection and preparation of food.
	School staff provide information to families regarding healthy eating.	The school offers programs regarding healthy eating and food security to selected families.	All families and community members are welcome to participate in school programs regarding healthy eating and food security.	A community of caregivers, school staff, students and local business partners advocate and implement strategies for addressing food security Programs such as community kitchen: the "Good Food Box" community gardens and the development of food charters are examples of such partnerships.
			2	

Nutrition
Positive
Activities,
Ideas
and
Resources



Nutrition Positive Activities Ideas and Resources

All ideas are taken from past Nutrition Positive Summaries that were written by Nutrition Positive Schools.

1. Curriculum Enhancement

In the School

- As a class, researched where foods come from.
 Created a food rainbow of foods grown or produced in Saskatchewan.
- Incorporated a snack shack into a math class. Students sold healthy snacks at recess. (Students learned costs, profit margins, making change, etc.)
- Used nutrition themes for art and craft time.
- Held a debate on a nutrition topic.
- Created and published a nutrition edition of the school newspaper or newsletter.
- Created a nutrition video.
- Created healthy food collages using magazine pictures.
- As part of science, students determined amount of fat in fast foods and made a display. (4 grams of fat = 1 tsp.)
- Nutrition Positive peer leaders (older students) were trained and demonstrated the sugar and fat content in foods to all classrooms.
- Students surveyed students and staff on nutritional habits (e.g.: eating breakfast) or nutrition knowledge.
- Created a nutrition trivia game. A school created "Who Wants to Feel Like a Million Bucks?"
- A school, with a nutrition program (breakfast or lunch), conducted an analysis on the nutritional value of the meal. Visit www.eatracker.com for a nutrition analysis program.
- Browsed and developed a list of credible children's nutrition websites.
- Health professional students were invited to take part in a healthy snack discussion. Students in the school reinforced the importance of healthy snacks.



- Students decorated hats with healthy food themes and displayed them in a "healthy hat parade".
- Daily intercom messages were read by Principal or Vice Principal. Daily trivia was provided to teachers for sharing with students.
- Half of a Professional
 Development day was
 spent on wellness
 seminars for the
 teachers. This
 reinforced that staff also
 need to practice healthy living.



- Played the Nutrition Positive theme song over the PA system. Taught it to classrooms. Had students make up new verses.
- Created Healthy Foods bulletin boards and displays. They were great to display during parent night.
- Had a class create a nutrition trivia game to use in an assembly, as an interactive game on a bulletin board or a competition between two classes. (Maybe even a class from a neighbouring school)
- Displayed the sugar content of various popular beverages.
- Combined Nutrition Positive activities with *in motion* activities.
- Assembly:
 - Watched "Weight of the World" video. Used some of the lesson plans with the video.
 - o Had a trivia challenge after video with prizes.
 - Whole school had nutritious snack apples!
- Older "Care Partner" students teach "sugar shocker" lesson to younger students.

Cooking Opportunities

- Each classroom had 2 opportunities to plan, work out a budget and cook in the school nutrition room.
- Students planned menu and budget for classroom campout.
- Invited a local chef to cook with classrooms.
- Cooked ethnic foods that related to social study themes.

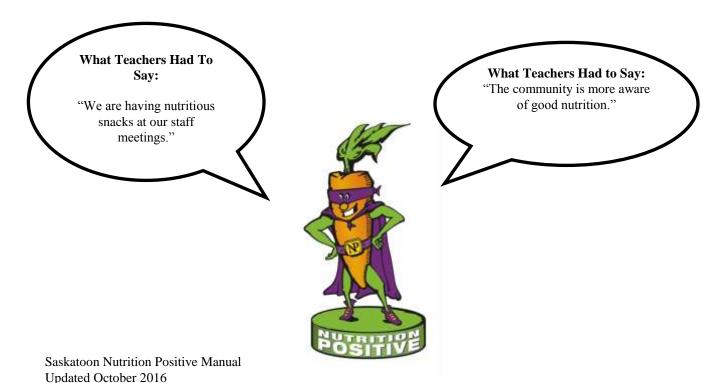


For the Families

- Nutrition information and tips were put into newsletters and sent home with students so parents could reinforce nutrition message at home.
- Encouraged students to help plan family menus
- A significant nutrition package was sent home to every family.
- A Nutrition Positive committee representative was invited to a parent council meeting. This presentation helped the parent council understand the purpose of the Nutrition Positive program and motivated them to be involved.
- Added nutrition content to the school web page.
- Organized grocery store tours for students (and parents). Compared cost of healthy verses unhealthy foods.
- Invited family members to join the Nutrition Positive Planning committee. Adding healthy component to "Meet the Teacher" family barbeque (vegetables and dip).

Kick-Off Ideas

- Assembly.
- Borrowed the Captain Carrot costume for our kick-off or Nutrition Positive assembly. Captain Carrot gave washed carrots to students.
- Gym blast.
- Hosted a healthy breakfast or lunch party
- Served a healthy snack after the assembly



2. Healthy Food Environment

In the School

- Removed non-nutritious foods from school vending machines, sales and activities such as fun nights, sporting events, dances, etc.
- Instead of being given individual awards, students in a classroom were treated to vegetarian pizza, with a whole what crust, when goal was reached.
- Sold healthy snacks at recess, sporting events, and school events.



- Served nutritious foods at all extracurricular activities.
- Fruit Fridays, Tasty Tuesdays...had fresh fruit available for all students.
- Salad Day Organized a fresh food buffet (salad bar) and the students enjoyed a variety of salads. Borrowed the salad bar kit and lesson plans Captain Carrot attended.
- 5 + 5 Challenge (whole month) School-wide try and eat 5 vegetables and fruit each day classroom total with bonus points for every 5 or more you have a day & activity 30 minutes/day for 5 days.

To Encourage Healthy Lunches and Snacks

- Classrooms took turns planning hot lunch fundraisers using food guidelines provided in Nutrition Positive manual.
- Partnered with a business or parent council to offer taste testing of healthy foods.
- Through nutrition funding, bowls of fruit were available in every classroom.
- Each classroom created a healthy lunch or snack. Judges (including Captain Carrot) chose the best.
- Challenged the school cafeteria and meal program to serve healthier meals.
 Worked with the cooks to explore new ideas.
- Added healthier choices to the vending machines. Removed the unhealthy beverages.
- Created a monthly soup club for younger grades.
- Water, milk, fruit available for hot lunch, no chips or pop.
- Got Good Food Box established.

For Holidays and Special Days

- During Education Week, one day was dedicated as "Nutrition Positive Day". Healthy snacks and activities were planned.
- Celebrated special occasions. Served fruit and vegetables in the theme colours of the celebrated day (e.g. orange and black for Halloween, red for Valentines Day, green for St. Patrick's Day).
- Celebrated the Saskatchewan Centennial with a flag fruit tray instead of a cake. See picture below.
- Always included healthy choices in our celebratory food choices.
- Organized classroom, potluck lunches of healthy foods. This has worked well with older grades.
- Had an "Apple and Kite Day". Flew kites and gave each student an apple.
- During Lent, students paid to be able to eat a healthy snack in class.
- Organized an international Food Fair to give students an opportunity to try healthy foods from other cultures.
- Popcorn sale. Borrowed the Nutrition Positive popcorn machine and used the healthy recipe.



Saskatchewan Flag Fruit Tray Dr. John G. Egnatoff School

What Teachers Had to Say: "Nutrition Positive has been a wonderful program for our school community."



What Parents Had To Say:

"It was great to see my daughter excited about eating well and looking after herself!"

3. Healthy Food Policy:

- The school Division created a Healthy School Food Policy based on Nourishing Minds and it was passed by the board.
- Created a student committee that met weekly (at noon) to plan Nutrition Positive activities. Committee promoted a policy of drinking tap water and sold water bottles (with school logo) as a fundraiser.
- Had a "no junk food in the school" policy.
- Implemented a policy to remove candy bar and soft drink machine from staff room and student areas.
- Declared the school as a pop, freezie, slurpee and energy drink-free zone.



What Teachers Had to Say: "Our students, especially the girls, are including more fruits and veggies in their lunches."



What Teachers Had to Say:

"Parents sent more nutritious treats for celebrations."

Nutrition Positive Celebration Ideas For Elementary Schools

Nutrition Positive Celebration suggestions;

- Assembly: Classrooms tell or show each other what they have done this year as their contribution to being a Nutrition Positive school.
- Invite a speaker who is a good role model for healthy eating.
- Present the Nutrition Positive recognition certificate.
- Involve Captain Carrot in your celebration.
- Perform a nutrition play such as "5 a Day Live" (manual can be borrowed from SHR Public Health) or a play that the students have created.
- Classrooms spend an afternoon creating Nutrition related bulletin boards. Classrooms tour each other's boards.
- Combine *in motion* with Nutrition Positive: Start with physical activity such as an all school walk or swimming party; end with a nutritious snack.
- Spend the afternoon flying kits, playing outdoor games and then enjoying a healthy snack.
- Incorporate watermelon into an all-school recess snack or lunch.
- Have a Nutrition Positive cook-off of healthy foods. For example, each class could prepare carrots in a different recipe.
- Have a "smoothie" day. Make the smoothie with frozen fruit, yogurt and milk. Get creative and add greens like spinach!
- Mardi Gras included fruits with pre-activity of masks and a Congo line throughout the school.
- Have a Nutrition Positive celebration dance that serves/sells only healthy foods.
- Have a Nutrition Positive Fair with booths, games, displays and tasting.







How to Book/Borrow Resources

1. **Nutrition Positive Mascot** (Captain Carrot)

- a) For Saskatoon Public Schools, Greater Saskatoon Catholic Schools and Prairie Spirit School Division
 - To be picked up and returned to this office Carly Wiebe

Population and Public Health - Saskatoon Health Region

101 - 310 Idylwyld Drive North

Saskatoon, SK S7L 0Z2 Phone: (306) 655-4600

carly.wiebe@saskatoonhealthregion.ca

- b) For Horizon School Division
 - Call Horizon School Division office (306) 365-4888

2. Nutrition Positive presentation

- For your staff or community council
- a) Public Health Nutritionist (306) 655-4687

3. Doug Campbell

"Prairie Dog" Doug Campbell

- Children's entertainer who wrote the Nutrition Positive theme song
- He will perform at your event for a charge
- To book: (306) 652-3305 soupdegoop@hotmail.com



4. Popcorn, Smoothie Machine

- For a healthy snack, celebrations and fundraising
- To be returned in clean condition
- Available to all schools though your Division Resource Centre or division representative for Nutrition Positive
- Use the healthy popcorn and smoothie recipes in this manual and with the machines.

5. Salad Bar Equipment Kit

- a) Saskatoon Public School Division Only Curriculum Resource Centre 310 – 21st Street East Saskatoon, SK S7K 1M7 Phone: (306) 683-8301
- b) Greater Saskatoon Catholic Schools Only 420 22nd Street East Saskatoon, SK S7K 1X3 Phone: (306) 659-7000

Fax: (306) 659-2010



- Host a fresh food buffet for the entire school
- Fresh food buffets are a great alternative to one of your school's hot lunches.
- Book the salad bar equipment kit and salad bar lesson plan kit from you school division resource centre.
- For information, call: CHEP Good Food (306) 655-4575
 www.chep.org



7. Bulk Produce Buying and Good Food Box - Saskatoon Only

• CHEP Good Food- 655-4575 or www.chep.org

Nutrition Positive Resources

Nutrition Positive has resources for many topics relevant to schools. There are resources for teachers, parents and students. Following is a list of some resources that may be useful in your school. If you are looking for a topic or particular resource, please email jill.aussant@saskathealthauthority.ca at Nutrition Positive headquarters.

News Clips are bite sized nutrition information that could be used as newsletter inserts, on TV monitors or as school announcements

Nutrition Posters could be used as newsletter inserts or poster in the classroom, cafeteria, hallway or anywhere in the school. Many topics are also available in French.

Nutrition Games are available electronically and include Nutrition: Bingo, Jeopardy, Twister and Puzzle game. Jeu sur Nutrition Twister and Genies en Herbe are available as well.

Nutrition Positive Song could be used at celebrations and as an activity in classrooms. Includes teaching and karaoke versions as well as sheet music. Ask to see raps created by students at local schools or have your students write their own!

Healthy Baking

Baking is an important part of our culture. Baking is commonly found in schools for parties, sporting events, celebrations, and fundraising. Much of the baking in schools is made with refined white flour, high in fat and sugar, and low in fibre and other nutrients. You do not need to completely eliminate these tasty items from your school. Simply work with the recipes to improve their health benefits. Here are some healthy baking tips:

Add fibre

o Change 50% of the all purpose flour to whole wheat flour. For example if the recipe calls for 2 cups of all purpose flour, use 1 cup of all purpose flour and 1 cup of whole wheat flour.

• Add more nutrients

 Where possible add fresh, dried or canned fruit, fruit sauces (e.g. Applesauce), grated vegetable, bran, or ground flax. Some great recipes that incorporate these include carrot cake, banana bread, oatmeal raisin cookies, and fruit in whole wheat muffins.

• Lower the fat content

- Use skim milk or low-fat milk when the recipe calls for cream or whole milk.
- Use plain yogurt or low-fat sour cream when the recipe calls for sour cream.

Eliminating trans fats and lower saturated fats

- o Replace butter, lard, shortening, and margarines with oil or non-hydrogenated margarine that does not have trans fats.
- Use 1 cup of applesauce instead of 1 cup of butter, lard, shortening or margarine.
- Use three ripe, well mashed bananas, instead of ½ cup of butter, lard, shortening or margarine.

• Reduce sugar

- o Reduce the sugar in a recipe by 25%. For example if the recipe calls for 1 cup of sugar, use ³/₄ cup of sugar.
- o If you are adding fruit or any other food item with natural sweetness you can decrease the amount of sugar.

• Reduce size

o Make individual portions for cookies and muffins smaller.

• Use your imagination

 By making some of these changes to your favourite baking recipes, you get more of the health benefits without losing great taste. Be creative and use your imagination.

For more information on Healthy Baking

Bake Better Bites

Bake Better Bites: Recipes and Tips for Healthier Baked Goods was developed by Dietitians of Canada with support from the BC Healthy Living Alliance. It is intended for parents, community volunteers, school staff and students to use when preparing baked goods for sale to students.

Bake Better Bites emphasizes the importance of healthy food and food environments in school children's health and learning. It highlights key things to look for in a recipe and provides a number of tips on how to increase the nutrition in your favourites. Included in this resource are a number of healthy recipes for muffins, cakes, cookies and breads.

Healthy baked goods can be a great fund-raising idea, a special part of lunch or a regular cafeteria item. Find a printable version of **Bake Better Bites** on the BC Healthy Living Alliance.

Editor's Note: Before choosing any recipe please check your school's guidelines for policies regarding life-threatening allergies.

Bake It Up

Bake it Up is a resource from Ontario that has tips and recipes for healthy baking. https://www.eatrightontario.ca/en/Articles/School-Health/Ontario-s-School-Food-and-Beverage-Policy/Bake-It-Up!

Food Experiences and Taste Testing

Food experiences at school and in the classroom provide children with opportunities to try nutritious foods in a positive environment. Children are more likely to try healthy foods when they see adults and other children enjoying these foods. The more often children are offered a new food the more likely they are to try and enjoy the food.

When offering foods in the classroom, proper hand-washing is very important.

Tips for Success

- The goal food experience is to introduce students to a new food. Offer small tastes not large portions.
- Children are very proud and happy to be involved in food preparation.
 Touching, feeling and smelling the food before tasting it helps overcome caution.
- New foods may be more acceptable when offered with a familiar food.
- Allow and instruct children to refuse trying a food by saying "no thank –you" and discourage negative comments.
- Offer foods with a napkin and instructed to politely spit food into the napkin if they do not want to swallow it. Even having it in the mouth is a food experience. Have water to drink available.
- Have a discussion about the food experience. Ask the children to describe the food (i.e. the taste, texture and appearance). The attached "Food Tasting Chart" can be used. Because food acceptability changes over time, avoid asking whether they liked the food or not.

About Children's Food Acceptance

- Children may need to be exposed to a new food eight or more times before they will taste the food.
- Students who have very keen sense of taste or smell may find strong tastes or smells not initially appealing.
- The "mouth feel" of a food can vary between people.
- The colour, shape and how a food is presented can influence whether a person wants to try a food.
- Past experiences and whether they were negative or positive can affect food acceptance.
- It is normal for some children to be more cautious than others to try foods.

Safety:

- Some children need to avoid some foods due to medical, cultural, religious
 or familial reasons. Send a note to parents/guardians to inform them that
 you will be doing food experiences and ask them to respond with any food
 restrictions.
- During the shopping, handling, storing and preparation of foods, food safety needs to be considered.
- For general information and for information about specific foods, go to http:// http://www.inspection.gc.ca/food/consumer-centre/eng/1299093858143/1303766424564

References:

- Discover Healthy Eating! A Teacher's Resource for Grades 1-8
- Action Schools! B.C. Classroom Healthy Eating Action Resource
- Nutrition P.I. Dairy Farmers of Ontario, 2003
- Dietitians of Canada. What is the evidence to show that preschoolers will eat, without being strongly encouraged or forced to eat? In: Practice-based Evidence in Nutrition (PEN), 2007 October 30 (cited 2012 24 January: Available from http://www.pennutrition.com. Access only by subscription.

Food Tasting Chart

Name or picture of food	How does it look? (shape, colour, size)	How does it feel? In mouth and with fingers	How does it taste?	What else?

Alternate Rewards and Incentives

Use of food as a reward for students is a common practice in many classrooms. Candies and other unhealthy foods may cause tooth decay and give mixed messages on healthy eating to students. All foods should meet the standards on Healthy foods for my school.

http://www.saskatchewan.ca/government/education-and-child-care-facility-administration/services-for-school-administrators/student-wellness-and-wellbeing

Elementary

- Ideas for treasure trunk: "recycled toys and knick-knacks from home, stickers, stamps, school supplies (notebooks, pens, pencils, erasers, disks, disk holders), hair accessories, photo frames, toothbrush, toys, figurines, etc.)
- Create dollars for students to accumulate over the year to buy items: see above ideas, CDs, movies, books, water bottle, etc. (This will cost more at the end of the year but will be very low cost throughout the year) give fun names related to the school or mascot, such as Scholar Dollars, Carrot Bucks, Nutrition Positive Money. Also promotes math skills.
- Extra recess
- Games
- Make deliveries to office (e.g. attendance sheet)
- Help teach class
- Eat lunch with teacher
- Show-and-tell
- Paperback book
- Get to choose what book to read at a story time
- Read extra chapter at story time
- Get to help with classroom pet
- Get to put class "mascot: (e.g. stuffed animal) on their desk/table for the day
- Help teacher in the classroom (e.g. sharpen pencils, distribute handouts)
- Picnic lunch

High School

- Listen to music while working at desk
- Create dollars (see Elementary)
- Chat break
- Extra credit
- Coupons to video store, music stores, movies (donated)

- Drawings for donated prizes among students who meet certain grade standards
- A few minutes of "free choice" time at end of class period
- Extra reading time
- Free passes to school events and games
- Free or reduced rate for parking

A11

- Field trips
- Sit by friends
- Computer time
- Parties with nutritious foods; crackers, popcorn, snack mixes (pretzels, cereal), fruit, veggie sticks, pita and hummus, oatmeal,-raisin cookies
- Reduced or no homework
- Bonus marks
- Verbal encouragement
- Encouragement cards, "warm fuzzies" notes
- Have class outside
- Voucher for cafeteria/canteen
- Student can enter name into a draw for prizes (e.g. hacky sack, Frisbee, ball, passes to nearby activity centre, etc.)
- Coupon books (e.g. 1extra day extension for an assignment, 1 free test answer, school supplies, hug)
- Choose a physical activity off the Activity Calendar

Other places to refer teachers:

- Dollar stores
- Art stores
- Office supply stores
- Educational teaching aides and supplies stores

Adapted from: Feeding the Future: School Nutrition Handbook,

Calgary Health Region.

Nutrition Positive References



Curriculum Enhancement Resources and References

- 1. Saskatchewan Ministry of Education Health Curriculum https://www.edonline.sk.ca/webapps/moe-curriculum-BBLEARN/index.jsp?lang=en
- 2. Eating Well with Canada's Food Guide (2007) available at www.healthcanada.gc.ca/foodguide
- 3. Canada's Food Guide A resource for Educators and Communicators (2007) available at www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fn-an/food-guide-aliment/index-eng.php
- 4. Alberta Health Services Curriculum Based Resources http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/2918.asp
- 5. Discover Health Eating http://www.peelregion.ca/scripts/school/health101.pl?action = search&selection_12=12
- 6. Media Awareness Network http://mediasmarts.ca/teacher-resources/find-lesson
- 8. Portion Size Activities for the Alberta Nutrition Guidelines for Children and Youth Portion Size Kit http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/SchoolsTeachers/if-sch-nfs-portion-size-english.pdf
- 9. Power to Play Nutrition Workshop for grades K to 3. For workshops in Saskatoon Health Region, contact Carolyn Chu (306) 655-4687

 http://ontario.teachnutrition.org/teacher-programs/grade-levels/k-3/power-to-play/program-overview.aspx
 http://www.powertoplay.com/

- 10. Eat Well and Be Active Educational Toolkit http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/fn-an/food-guide-aliment/educ-comm/index-eng.php
- 11. 5 A Day Live Performance Manual can be borrowed from SHR Public Health, 655-4600)

School-wide nutrition event photos:







- 12. Explore the World with Fruits and Vegetables www.fruitsandveggiesmatter.gov/publications/index.html
- 13. Cooking with Children www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/public/heart/obesity/wecan/downloads/cookwithchildren.pdf
- 15. Sugary Drink Facts http://www.sugarydrinkfacts.org/
- 16. 16. Action Schools BC –Classroom Healthy Eating Action Resource available at: http://www.actionschoolsbc.ca/key-resources-equipment
- 17. Agriculture in the Classroom available at www.aitc.ca

- 18. Books: *My Mom Loves Me More than Sushi* by Filomena Gomes; *Yoko* by Rosemary Wells; *Growing Vegetable Soup* by Lois Ehlert
- 19. Public Health Nutritionist: Saskatchewan Regional Health Authorities have Public Health Nutritionists who can assist educators in accessing accurate and up to date nutrition information. A provincial list of all health authorities is available at: http://www.health.gov.sk.ca/health-region-list

Healthy Food Environment Resources and References

- 1. CHEP's Good Food Box http://www.chep.org/en/programs/good-food-box
- 2. School Milk Program Saskatchewan Milk Marketing Board Saskmilk, School Milk Coordinator, 444 McLeod Street, Regina, SK, S4N 4Y1. Phone: (306) 949-6999, Fax: (306) 949-2605, Email: bev.eckert@saskmilk.net
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